

CHED MEMORANDUM ORDER No. 46 S2012

Entitled "Policy Standard to enhance Quality Assurance (QA) in Philippine Higher Education through an outcomes-based and typology-based QA" (Dec. 11, 2012)

- To enhance the QA system of Philippine Higher Education through learning competency-based standards and an outcomes-based system of QA that is differentiated by type of HEI.
- Mandates the shift to outcomes-based education and outcomes based assessment.

OUTCOME-BASED EDUCATION (OBE)

"Refers to clearly focusing and organizing everything in the education system around what is essential for all students to be able to do successfully at the end of their learning experiences. This means starting with a clear picture of what is important for students to be able to do, organizing the curriculum, instruction and assessment to make sure that learning ultimately happens" (Spady, 1994)

GRADUATE ATTRIBUTES

Professional Competence

Critical Thinking and Problem Solving

Communication

Lifelong
Learning
Social & Ethical
Responsibility

Productivity

Interpersonal Skills <u>Demonstrate</u> understanding and mastery of the fundamental knowledge and skills required for effective professional practice in the field of specialization.

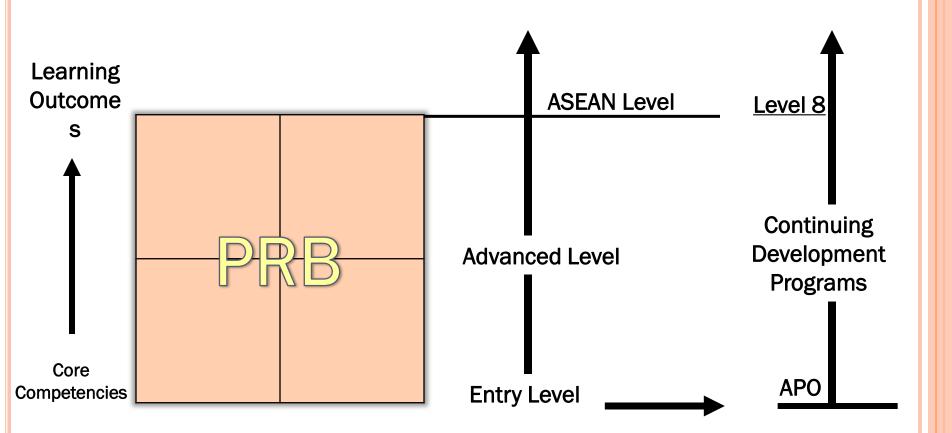
Exercise critical and creative thinking in providing solutions to discipline-related problems.

Apply effective communication skills, both orally and in writing, using the English language.

<u>Utilize</u> lifelong learning skills in pursuit of personal development and excellence in professional practice <u>Hold</u> personal values and beliefs as ethical professional consistent with Filipino family values, industry-desired values and global citizen values.

Contribute to nation-building and national development through application of new technology

Work effectively in multi-disciplinary and multicultural teams





Psychology:

What are our Core competences?

Core vs. optional competence

Knowledge and Skills

- Has the necessary foundation knowledge of psychological concepts, constructs, methods, theory and practice to underpin competence
- Has the basic skills to underpin competence in psychological practice
- Has the necessary specialized knowledge of psychological concepts, methods, theory and practice to underpin competence
- Has the necessary specialized skills to operate in own chosen area of of psychological practice to underpin competence

Professional Behavior:

Practices Ethically

- Applies relevant ethics codes in one's professional practice and conduct
- Adheres to relevant laws and rules in one's professional practice and conduct

Acts Professionally

- Follows accepted practice
- Knows the boundaries of one's own competence and does not operate outside them
- Undertakes professional development

Professional Behavior:

Relates Appropriately to Clients and Others

- Establishes, maintains and develops working relationships with professional colleagues
- Establishes, maintains and develops working relationships with clients and others

Works with Individual and Cultural Diversity

- Operates with sensitivity in a diverse cross cultural work environment
- Works and communicates effectively & appropriately with diversity in professional teams, clients & others
- Operates with sensitivity to all forms of divesity

Professional Behavior:

Operates as an Evidence Based Practitioner

- Adopts an evidence based orientation to the design of assessments, interventions, service provision and other psychological activities
- Consults and reviews relevant research to inform practice

Makes Good Decisions

 Choose professionally and ethically appropriate courses of action in response to un predictable and complex events

Professional Behavior: Reflects on Own Work

- Evaluates the efficacy of one's activities and service provision
- Reflects on and implements areas for improvement in one's practice
- Reflects on one's cultural attributes and values and their impact on one's practice

Professional Activities:

Sets Relevant Goals

 Establishes clear requirements for professional contributions through relevant forms of needs and analysis

Conducts Psychological Assessments and Evaluations

- Assesses and evaluates individuals, groups, organizations or situations
- Understands assessment or evaluation needs
- Selects, designs or develops appropriate assessments or evaluations

Professional Activities:

Conducts Psychological Assessments and Evaluations

 Conducts assessments or evaluations, including administration, scoring, interpretations, feedback, and application of results

Conducts Psychological Interventions

- Designs, develops and validates the appropriateness of psychological interventions
- Integrates assessment and other information with psychological knowledge to guide and develop psychological interventions

Professional Activities:

Conducts Psychological Interventions

- Plans and carries out psychological interventions that are person or situation centered, direct or indirect
- Evaluates the effectiveness of interventions
- Uses evaluation results to review and revise interventions as necessary
- Provides guidance and advice on psychological matters to significant others..

Professional Activities:

Communicates effectively and appropriately with Clients and others

- Communicates to diverse audiences as necessary for the effective conduct and completion of one's professional activities
- Communicates effectively, both orally and in writing to diverse audiences as appropriate
- Provides relevant and clear feedback, reporting and guidance to clients and relevant others
- Provide information on psychological matters to relevant stakeholders.

LEVEL	6
KNOWLEDGE, SKILLS AND VALUES	Graduates at this level will have a broad and coherent knowledge and skills in their field of study for professional work and lifelong learning
APPLICATION	Application in professional work in a broad range of discipline and/or for further study
DEGREE OF INDEPENDENCE	Independent and /or in teams of related field
QUALIFICATION TYPE	Baccalaureate Degree

LEVEL	7
KNOWLEDGE, SKILLS AND VALUES	Graduates at this level will have advanced knowledge and skills in a specialized or multi-disciplinary field of study for professional practice, self-directed research and/or lifelong learning
APPLICATION	Applied in professional work that requires leadership and management in a specialized or multi-disciplinary professional work and/or research and/or for further study
DEGREE OF INDEPENDENCE	Independent and or in teams of multidisciplinary
QUALIFICATION TYPE	Post-Baccalaureate Program

LEVEL	8
KNOWLEDGE, SKILLS & VALUES	Graduates at this level have highly advanced systematic knowledge and skills in highly specialized and/or complex multidisciplinary field of learning for complex research and/or professional practice or for the advancement of learning
APPLICATION	Applied in highly specialized or complex multi- disciplinary field of professional work that requires innovation, and/or leadership and management and/or research in a specialized or multi-disciplinary field
DEGREE OF INDEPENDENCE	Independent and/or in teams of multi-disciplinary and more complex setting
QUALIFICATION TYPE	Doctoral Degree and Post-Doctoral Programs



LICENSURE BOARD EXAMINATION FOR PSYCHOLOGISTS

Subject	Weight	No. of
		Items
Counseling & Psychotherapy	25%	130
Adv. Psychological Assessment	30%	150
Advanced Theories of Personality	20%	100
Advanced Abnormal Psychology	25%	130

Advanced Abnormal Psychology OUTCOME WEIGHT NO. OF ITEMS 1. Make clinical diagnosis from a clinical profile, and/or assessment findings using the

Diagnostic Statistical Manual of Mental

Disorders (DSM IV-TR and DSM V) and the

International Classification of Disorders (ICD-

2. Explain abnormal behavior using the major

3. Apply the various bio-socio-cultural

perspectives, models and approaches in

explaining the origin and development of

4. Contextualize diagnosis/ identification of

behavior in different settings: school, court,

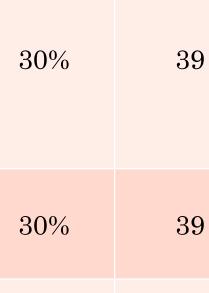
10)

theories

abnormal

(e.g. psychodynamics)

psychopathology



26

20%

OUTCOME	WEIGHT	ITEMS
1. Apply the various psychological theories and approaches (Psychodynamic, Cognitive-Behavioral, Constructivist, Humanistic, Existential, Systemic) in dealing with concerns and common dysfunctions.	20%	26
2. Identify the most appropriate treatment approach to dealing with common dysfunctions presented in case briefs	20%	26
3. Apply the appropriate steps of counseling and psychotherapy across different schools of thought	20%	26
4. Evaluate the culture fit of different psychotherapy approaches and processes in the context of different settings.	15%	19
^{5.} Identify problems and solutions to dealing with Person (therapist/ counselor) related issues (e.g. counter transference, compassion, fatigue etc) and other related issues (e.g. client- variables: situational /problem factors)	15%	19